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PITTSBURG, WEDNESDAY, SEP. 25, 1889.

THE LEAGUE PLATFORM.

The deliverance of the Republican League Convention yesterday was principally noticeable for its careful adherence to the regulation line of Republican utterances. It was safe and conservative rather than brilliant, original or radical.

The rumored resolution calling for the repeal of the civil service act was conspicnous by its absence. This is a creditable monstration that the membership of the Republican clubs take a higher view of politics than to make it a mere competition for spoils, and accept Republican pledges as more binding than the duty of rewarding party workers. Outside of this the deliverances which indorse the administration, call for the protection of colored people in the South, denounce the Democratic grab in West Virginia, pay honor to the veterans of the war, and indorse Boyer and Beaver are decidedly of the conventional

It would have been interesting if the or shaping party policy on such questions as corporation or trust abuses. But perhaps it would be too much to expect purely political organizations to break over the rule of following rather than leading public

A GREAT FIELD FOR ENTERPRISE. The arrival of the members of the Pan-

American Congress, at New York, brings ont interviews with them showing that many of the South and Central American republies are keenly alive to the work of cultivating trade relations with the United States. The delegates from Honduras and Bolivia are quoted as declaring that the results of the English and French domination of their trade are disadvantageous to the development of their industries; and that they are auxious to call in the commercial competition of the United States as a reiressing influence. Perhaps a more deeided weight will come from the formal utterances of the representatives of such countries as Chili and the Argentine Republic, which are the leading South American republics. But every indication is to the effeet that a great field is open for our industries and commerce in the countries to the south of us, if we shape our commercial policy to cultivate it.

THE DANCE WILL GO ON.

The iron government of the German Empire seems determined to test its strength and the patience of the people. Having brought almost every pursuit of man in the Fatherland under the strict eve of the drill serceant and the detective. Prince Bismarck has now attempted to dictate how, when and where Germans shall dance. And it is not the interference of a kindly critic either. but of one who denounces dancing as a ner

belons amusement. Children are to practice duncing only under Government supervision, under set conditions, and between the hours of noon and S P. M. They may not learn to walte and the polks and some other lighter dances are forbidden to them also, learn to dance as to escape service in the army in Germany from now on.

Hitherto the harmony of the German masses to the Emperor have been undeniable. But can any federation, any body of sensible Teutons, attached to the walts as to their mugs of beer and good old pipes, tolerate such tyranny as this? Prince Bis-German citizen should drink more than one glass of lager a day. It comes naturally to the good German to dance. He dances as he fights, with all his might. Rules written, on official paper, or east upon slabs of iron, are hardly likely to be obeyed when they impinge upon the freedom of the home. Even if the death penalty were to be attached to waltzing, we believe the witching strains of Strauss or Waldteufel would not call in vain upon the men and women of the Fatherland, They would dance still, though it be a dance to death.

THE PERSEVERANCE OF THE PROPHETS.

The indomitable character of the weather prophet is illustrated by the Rev. Irl Hicks, of St. Louis. Last month this meteorologic sharp scheduled a choice assortment of storms and cyclones for the period from the 10th and 15th, which were to raynoe the land. Over the greater part of the country at that time the weather was one of unbroken sunshine and great heat. But an Atlantic cyclone made itself felt along the extreme coast line. So the undaunted Hicks claims an "appalling fulfillment of our calculations," and proceeded to assign "reactionary storms of energy" for the past few day. The ideal autumn weather which we enjoyed may appear to knock out this prediction. But Hicks and his admirers will discover a storm in Mexico or a bliggard in British Columbia and proudly point out how he hit it. This is such stuff as weather prophets are made of.

HABITS TELL TALES.

It is not to be supposed, of course, that every man looks forward to embezzling a hundred and fifty thousand dollars. Perhaps he may be a junior clerk in a bank with a chance to pilfer by the thousand only, or he may be the President, with a lofty contempt for thefts of less than a million. And still there is a moral for all in the story of Simon Baruch, a Spanish gentleman, who brought the results of his prother's embezzlement in Austria to this country, and was captured, as narrated in THE DISPATCH yesterday. Simon Baruch might still be a free man, in possession of a hundred and fifty thousand dollars if

a Spanish pasal organ.

beside the nose it may be said that it is esthetically in bad taste; it lends a suspicion of irony to the expression, and can easily be interpreted in an offensive sense by other parties. Financially speaking the case of Mr. Baruch demonstrates the costliness of the habit. Supposing Mr. Baruch put his finger to his nose one hundred and fifty thousand times during his lifetime up to date, each indulgence cost him one dollar. He could have had a great deal more fun with a dollar than that, had he taken thought. So, unless a man harbors no ambition to reach wealth via embezzlement and Canada, not fall into the inartistic, offensive and ex- licentious newspapers. pensive habit of laying his left forefinger to

A SUGGESTION TO VISITORS.

The tens of thousands of Pittsburg's friends from neighboring towns and adjacent country who have been thronging our streets this week, certainly do not find the occasion short of attractions. Not only the Exposition, but the circus and the regular places Scents per week, or including Sunday edition, at of amusement with lively attractions contribute abundantly to the entertainment of eye and ear, not to speak of the profit of the pocket or the instruction of the mind. But the most interesting of the sights, we are sure, is the one which Pittsburg itself presents of a large city in that process of grand, visible growth which illustrates the wonderful industrial and mercantile activity of the times we have happened upon.

It is a privilege to live in an age like this, when upon every line of natural progress human intelligence is making astonishing advances. The Pittsburg of to-day, with its six, eight and ten-story buildings; its cable cars whirling along by steam power at twice the old-time rate of speed; its handsome bridges spanning the rivers at many new points; its magnificent new county buildings which are justly esteemed the finest in the land; its long-promised postoffice taking on final proportions; its new Exposition quarters, whose present stage is but a glimpse and an assurance of what they will be when completed-the Pittsburg of to-day, we may confidently suggest, is vastly interesting and instructive when compared with the Pittsburg of ganization could have risen to the height of fifteen years ago, when the first Exposition was held across the river upon Smoky Isl-

> Much though the visitor will see in the city proper, they will miss the most agreeable and pleasing experience if they fail to of the prizes of politics which they fondly take in what were formerly mere suburbs, but are now the residence quarters of the Pittsburg and Allegheny. An hour or two canbe more delightfully spent than by making the tour of Fifth and Penn avenues through the East End, by cable, or by taking a like trip through Allegheny. Our triends and neighbors who have been hearing with wonder of the fabulous growth of Chicago, Minneapolis, Kansas City and other famous towns of the West, will at once see that Pittsburg, too, has put on its sevenleagued boots, like the giant in the fable, and is making such astonishing strides toward pre-eminence as, a few years ago, the most imaginative could not have dreamed

dences of Pittsburg's growth, our visitors will have, besides, the gratifying knowledge that the prosperity and advancement which they see here, as well as the splendid prospects for the future which these things presage, but typify and illustrate on a large scale the conditions of activity throughout the whole region. It is the growth and development of Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio, West Virginia and Northern Maryland which is so largely making the wonderful growth of Pittsburg.

THE COAL CONSOLIDATION

The latest phase which rumor takes concerning the coal consolidation is to the effect that the combined corporation will be formed. In addition, it expands the scheme to the very liberal proportions which will take in the Kanawha mines. This is probably about as authentic as the preceding rumor that the deal was off, or any of the previous variations which have been afloat with reference to the scheme.

The probability of success by means of a consolidation, in controlling the coal trade In fact, it will be almost as difficult to and preventing competition, does not appear to be much enhanced by the new proposition. Supposing capital enough to be got together to buy up all the mines in operafederation of States, and the loyalty of the tion on the Kanawha as well as those on the Monongahela, what will be the result? In the first place the operation of a wholesale purchase of such property must necessarily enhance its price. To that increase of capitalization, add the profits marck might as well have ordered that no which the promoters of the scheme must take for floating the securities by which the money must be raised; and there is a material enlargement of the charge on coal necessary to pay returns on the capital. This near the village of Cudlis, England. A chill will offer a premium on the opening of new mines in the undeveloped coal territory which lies between this point and the Gult of Mexico; and that premium will not be at all decreased by the presence of a big corporation which founds its existence on the

policy of buying up competitors. It must be left to the coal interests to decide whether they will be benefited by going into a scheme, in its nature involving a large increase of capitalization on the basis of increased returns from an unattainable exclusive control of the market. It

is, however, worth while to note that the scheme is not one that promises well for the industrial prosperity of Pittsburg. Coal is our basic staple whatever the life of natural gas. If this consolidation has any measure of success in preventing competition, the first conquest must be in the local market for river coal, thus enhancing the cost of the fuel on which Pittsburg's manufactures are founded. Besides that the departure from the safe, conservative and successful organization on which our coal trade has grown to its present magnitude, for a policy which naturally leads to an unhealthy and dropsical organization like that of the railroad system, is not one which promises the surest found-

ation of public prosperity. These considerations certainly are sufficient to warrant the public in failing to feel any very keen desire for the success of the project, or any decided regrets if it should

"THE relation of the yard to the meter" is a subject under discussion by scientific people just now. They explain it to mean the exact fraction which expresses the greater length of the French meter over the English yard. Pittsburgers who are using natural gas by meter, however, will be apt to think that the relation of the yard to the meter is that the cubic yard of gas which the meter records is about equal to a foot of gas in actual heating power.

THE statement of the esteemed Atlanta

he had not had the habit of frequently | Constitution that "a good deal of Repub laying his left forefinger alongside his nose. | lican boodle has been imported to Ohio The detective knew he had the Simon pure In other words the bar'l is on tap," shows embezzier when he saw that left forefinger a vital innecuracy of information. What travel to its accustomed couch in the lee of ever side the Standard Oil barrel may take in the politics of other States, it is on tap Of the habit of putting the left forefinger for the benefit of the Democracy in Ohio.

> IT might almost be accepted as a good res son for letting New York have the World's Fair, if the Riverside Park site would shame the New Yorkers into the completion of Grant's monument there. JOHN L. SULLIVAN is now threatening

to thrash the Boston newspaper reporter who wrote up the account of his last spress. John is decidedly premature in this respect. He should adhere to the political precedent of cultivating friendly relations with the press until he gets elected to Congress. After there are plenty of reasons why he should that he will be at liberty to suppress the

THE report that New York has secured a \$20,000,000 fund for the World's Fair, of which Mr. Andrew Carnegie gives \$2,000,-000, is calculated to create the impression that Wall street is watering the stock of that enterprise more vigorously than it has done with any railroad.

OF course Boulanger claims that he was counted out. The French General is fully versed in the regulation methods by which a defeated American candidate explains what hit him.

THE Chinese army is said, if all the reserves are called in, to number 100,000,000 men. But the exact military value of that hundred million, in the way of fighting power, is so small that the figures do not find it easy of expression. A hundred million sheep would not be likely to present any decided terrors to a small pack of active and enterprising wolves. WHEN the New York jurors get to inter-

rupting Colonel Fellows in his speech for the prosecution of Ives, the public determination that Fellows shall never succeed in convicting anyone, may be said to have reached high water mark.

THE Pension Commissionership presents the unique case of the office seeking the man, and making a hard job of it to find

THE report that the boss pickpocket of the country has been in town for the prosecution of outside business in connection with the circus, should cause the politicians present to examine their pockets and make certain that they have been relieved of none believed themselves to carry about with

THE Marquis of Londonderry's "twenty years of coercion," which he regards as the proper remedy for Ireland, might be received with more favor if some two hundred years of coercion had not already proved a

In the game of politics the Republican party at present seems to hold the long suit of clubs.

PEOPLE OF PROMINENCE.

QUEEN LOUISE of Denmark has just cele brated her 72d birthday anniversary. MRS, MONA CAIRD, who started the "Is Marriage a Failure?" business, has been studying Buddhism.

SENATOR and Mrs. Stanford have been visit-

ing their old home at Sacramento, Cal., for the first time in several years. SENATOR HOAR, of Massachusetts is the finest linguist in Congress, but there are those among his colleagues who are more proficient in profane language.

on his house at Bushey for five years, and it will take five years more to finish it. He is making it a work of art, for art's sake.

JOHN S. GRAHAM, son of ex-Speaker the railroad wreck west of Altoona, took his place as clerk in the Treasury Department, has resigned to connect himself with the stove

works of Baldwin & Graham, Harrisburg. MR. M. M. ESTEE a delegate to the Inter national American Congress which meets next month, was entertained at a complimentary banquet the other evening in San Francisco, Senator Stanford, Representative Morrow and Governor Waterman being among his hosts.

HON. JOHN DALZELL has closed a lease of the residence No. 1501 Massachusetts avenue. hington, for two years. It is in the of the fashionable section, between Scott and Thomas circles, and well fitted for elegant entertaining. Mr. Dalzell boarded at the Arlington Hotel, with his family, during the session of his first term in Congress, but for the second will enjoy the greater seclusion and comfort of his own establishment.

THOMAS BAILEY ALDRICH has returned from Europe in good health and spirits. His twin boys have just reached the age of 21. The boys have worked hard and stand high in their Europe with him. They spent ten days in London, went to Paris and saw the Exposition, made a tour in Switzerland and Italy and then returned to England. Like true Bostonians, they were glad to get back to their native land. THOMAS A. EDISON caught a severe cold while visiting Sir John Pender at Foot's Crag. greatly aggravated his chronic deafness and kept him in bed for a few hours. He will sail for this country on Saturday. The peculiar position he now holds is well illustrated by a question asked him by a reporter. "When will the public hear from you again, Mr. Edison?" "Oh, pretty soon," was the answer; "I have a few inventions under way."

SIXTY-FOUR members of No. 2 Fire Engine Company, of Harrisburg, have just closed a company of Pennsylvania's capital, and while they did a deal of screnading and toasting themselves, they were met half way on that ground by the local firemen. They left Washington yesterday for Baltimore, and from there will take in Richmond, Winchester, Frederick and Hagerstown. They expect to reach home banquet will be given them. Mr. Harry Lacy, of the "Still Alarm" Theatrical Company, piloted the boys about the Capital.

A PLEA OF USURY

Decides a Case in Which a Considerable

Amount of Money Was Involved. Madison, Wis., September 24.-Many relies of the Gogebic mining graze came to the surface in the Supreme Court in the form of decisions in a number of suits resulting from the big deals in mining property of two and three years ago. The most important suit is that growing out of the failure of J. E. Barton, the ex-min ing king, entitled the Central Trust Company of New York against Burton. In the suit the former applied in the Circuit Court of Wal-worth county for a receiver of property mort-gaged by Burton to secure notes for \$330,000

gaged by Burton to secure notes for \$300,000 given the trust company.

Button set up a defense of usury. The trust company demurred to the answer, and the Circuit Court overruled the demurrer, and also refused to appoint a receiver. The trust company then took an appeal, but the Supreme Court affirms both orders appealed from.

A NAIL IN HIS SKULL.

A Man Carries a Piece of Iron in His Head for Months. BRIDGEPORT, CONN., September 24.-John

BRIDGEPORT, CONN., September 24.—John Stewartrammed his head against a stone cell in Fairfield county jail five months ago. He was a prisoner and attempted suicide. He was taken to the hospital and his head treppanned. Two weeks ago he recovered sufficiently to get about the hospital, but Saturday he grew worse, and he died this morning.

An autopsy reveals that a two-inch iron nail had been thrust into his skull which the physicians had failed to discover.

THE TOPICAL TALKER.

Blind Men's Ways-A Pleasant Change in Scenery-Barnum in England. Two blind men came marching down Fifth avenue on Sunday afternoon. They were arm in arm. When they came to Smithfield street one of them turned toward the City Hall, but

the other gave him a sharp tug, saying: "Let's go down Fifth avenue." Why?" asked the other, "Oh, there is so much more to see."

It is a curious thing, which 20 years' intimacy with hundreds of blind people has taught me, that a blind man never acknowledges his lack of sight in his conversation.

In reply to E. M. M. the tremendous operatio fact may be recorded that the song, "Lis-ten to My Tale of Woe," or "Little John and His Sister Sue," was sung when "Nadjy" was at the Bijou last season by Mr. Francis Wilson and his partner and right bower, Miss Marie Jansen. And they sang it very weil. They are still singing it in "The Oolah" at the Broadway Theater, New York.

THE 'scenery used in Miss Wainwright's production of Shakespeare's "Twelfth Night" at the Opera House this week is not at all what we are accustomed to see here. Several of the scenes are pictures of real artistic value, The servants' hall, in the second scene of the second act, for example, is a rarely quaint interior of an old mansion. The furniture is historically accurate and unusually complete, The galleried hall, with its huge fireplace, in which the brass mounted bellows is a conspicuous feature, its old-fashioned settles, its table whereon reigns a genuine punch bowl of the day represented, afford a guiding glimpse at the fashion of life in the era of the play. Another painting of considerable beauty is the bower of roses in sight of the Duke Orsino's palace, Other scenes are hardly less remarkable for

taste and ability in the artists.

The chime of bells which occasionally pulse. prettily is another evidence of the care and intuitive artistic sense that prevails in this pro-duction. Miss Wainright must be congravlated on this achievement, and so must her advisers and the executors of her desire. Not least among these, I strongly suspect, should be placed Mr. Julian Magnus. In another way the interior of a postoffice

shown in "The U. S. Mail" is worthy of praise. It is highly realistic and no doubt will prove a great feature when the proper dramatic st f that scene is developed.

It is not understood, I think, how ambitious are the plans of Mr. P. T. Barnum for his English tour. He will take all his animals, and not a single English performer will be hire. Instead of English artists, Mr. Barnum will take with him Americans with peculiarly American specialties. And yet the circus and the various troupes of performers will really be subsidiary to the great spectacle of "Fall of Rome" produced in this country by the Kiral-fys. The circus as a whole will enter Rome as a sort of triumphal parade after the fashion of the triumph of a Roman emperor after a vic-

circus in England. One of them is the absence of the big advertising spaces Barnum & Bailey have been wont to use here. The boardings. however, will offer a fair amount of room for the elaborate colored posters. It is feared by the managers of the show that the night parade of the circus in London, which it is proposed to give after the New York fashion, will not be allowed to take place. There is reason to believe that the London police will interfere because of the immense crowds a torchlight he crowds would afford.

:INTER-STATE COMMERCE CASES.

Ocean Rates Advanced as an Excuse fo

Alleged Discrimination.

KANSAS CITY, September 24.—The Inter State Commission was in session here to-day. The cases of most general interest were heard at the afternoon session. They were those of Lehman, Hugginson & Co., of Humboldt, Kan. against the Southern Pacific, Texas Pacific, Central Pacific, Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe, Missouri, Kansas and Texas and the Atlantic and Pacific roads. The complaint charges that the railroads discriminate in freight rates against them in favor of Missouri river points. They charge specifically that the rate on sugar in car lots from San Francisco to Kansas City is 65 cents per 100, while the rate to Humboldt, 117 miles nearer San Francisco, is 85 cents per 100; that the 20 cents City and Humboldt. The that the rate be so adjusted as to do away

the discrimination.

The general answers of all the roads were in The general answers of all the roads were in substance the same. They state that the rate of 55 cents to Missouri river points from San Francisco is an unjust rate for the service, but that it is forced upon them by the competition over the ocean; that if such rate were not made, water races to New York and other seaports, and thence to Missouri river points would be less and thereby injure the business of the various roads. On sugar shipped around Cape Horn, the answers further state, to New York, thence to Missouri river points and thence to Humboldt, Kan, the local rates west of the Missouri river would be added to the rates to New York and the Missouri river, making the rate 85 cents. The roads claim that was the manner of fixing the Humboldt rate and deny that there is any discrimination against Humboldt. The Commission adjourned till to-merrow.

PROMOTIONS IN THE ARMY.

A Lively Contest Promised for Three Posttions Soon to Be Vacant.

WASHINGTON, September 24. - Secretary Proctor is occupying his spare time before the return of the President examining the applications of candidates for the vacancies that are to occur next week in the subsistence and Quartermasters' departments of the army, through the retirement of two officers on account of age. These are Colonel Amos Beck-with, subsistence department, and Captain Charles H. Hoyt, Quartermasters' department, the former retiring October 4, and the latter September 80. Besides these there is another vacancy that has been left unfilled since the retirement of Colonel William W. Burns, subwas then thought best to wait and fill all the places at once. These retirements necessitate the appointment of two commissaries of subthe appointment of two commissaries of sub-sistance with the rank of Captain, and one of Assistant Quartermaster with the same rank, It is ordinarily presupposed that such vacan-cies shall be filled by promotion from the line of the army, and, of course, servicemen declare that they should be so filled, but there is a be-lief growing that Secretary Proctor and the President intend to take advantage of a law pressed during the Arthur administration passed during the Arthur administration, which provides that such appointments may be made from civil life.

The Adjutant-General's Department, the pay department, and the ordnance department are so constituted by law that vacancies must

are so constituted by law that vacancies must be filled from the army, while the Quarter-master's, medical, subsistence and Judge-Ad-vocates Department are open to civilians. The retirement of Colonel Beckwith will cause the promotion of Lieutenant-Colonel George Bell to be Colonel, Major Michael Small to be Lieutenant-Colonel, and Captain Charles B. Penrose to be Major.

ARID LANDS OF THE WEST.

Now Under Protection. The Report Which Will be Made by the Congressional Committee. He was asked:

"Is Marshal Nagle traveling with you?"
"No. I have had no protection since leaving CHICAGO, September 24.—Major J. W. Powell, Chief of the Geological Survey, arrived in Chicago to-day on his way to Washington, after 55 days' constant work as advisory men per of the senatorial committee investigating irrigation in the West. Major Powell said: "We visited North and South Dakota, Montana, Washington terri-

South Dakota, Moutana, Washington territory, Oregon, Idaho, Utah, Nevada, California, Arizona, New Mexico, Texas, Indian territory, Kansas, Colorado, Wyoming and Nebraska, or every State and territory in which there are arid lands. We held 80 meetings and heard ouer 200 witnesses. The arid land that can be irrigated and thus made productive will include the larger portion of each State visited in all over 100,000,000 acros. The work of the committee will be the preparation of a report in all over 100,000,000 acres. The work of the committee will be the preparation of a report upon the advisability of congressional appropriations for surveys in the arid district. There is not much doubt but that such appropriations will be made. I do not believe Congress will ever take in charge the construction of the disches and reservoirs. Whoever does it, when it is done, will revolutionize the West.

rom the Courier-Journal.

This newfangled smokeless powder will never do. What would war correspondence be without "the smoke of battle?" And after a Presidental election, what would become of the newspaper writer's "Now that the smoke of battle has cleared away?"

A SILVER WEDDING.

THE RAILROAD TICKET. Twenty-Five Years of Conjugal Felicity Its History From the Time it Leaves the Printer's Hands Until Used and Destroyed

-How Theft and Fraud are Prevented-

A Perfect System of Account Keeping.

The Agent's Responsibility.

and forwards it, with the certificate attached, to the auditor, who credits the general pas

Outlawed Pastebord.

checks the coupon on the agent's report and, when all the coupons reported are in his hands, credits the agents with the tickets named in his report, which balances his account so far as

that report is concerned. The cash received by the agent has, of course, been turned over to the treasurer as soon as possible after its receipt. If the agent has accidentally spoiled

Checking Up Accounts.

"Sometimes it becomes necessary to change a form or withdraw it from sale. In this case

the general passenger agent requests the audi-tor by letter to recall all tickets bearing that

form number, which is done by a formal letter from the auditor to the agent, which forms

part of the records of the agent's office. Upo

responsibility for them. At the end of the month the anditor sends a statement to each connecting road, showing each ticket sold by his agents over that road during the month, whereupon the connecting road draws on the

whereupon the connecting road draws on the selling road for its proportion of the ticket sales. Leased lines are operated as separate corporations in this respect. Connecting roads check up the auditor's statement by the coupons they have collected during the month, and if any coupons have been collected that do not appear on the statement they do not look for them in their own offices, but request the selling road to report to them the date of sale. They may have been reported the preceding month; but railroads take nothing for granted, and will not credit the selling road until specially advised. Local tickets are reported and turned in to the auditor by the selling agent at the close of business every day, and desiroyed when properly accounted for. In the case of foreign tickets the coupons are kept for one year.

Swindlers Have No Show.

"Now, I have traced the ticket from th

printer until it has been taken up, canceled and returned to the auditor. At the close of the

THE NEW POSTAL CARDS.

Three Sizes to be Made, to Suit All Tast

and Uses.

PRPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH,

WASHINGTON, September 24.—The new ostal cards will be of three sizes. The first

ize will be, in round numbers, 2 by 416 inches;

the second, 3 by 5%, that in use at present, and the third, 3% by 6% inches. They will sell for

a cent apiece, as heretofore, without distinc-tion of size. Why, then, it may be asked,

should there be three sizes instead of one? In the opinion of the Postmaster General, who is

the author and finisher of the idea, the ladies

pretty tinted board for shopping purposes. They have only a few words to say, such as, "I

shall need a yard more of that twilled slik," or

"Will Mr. Wanamaker please add one paper of pins to the list of articles ordered by Mrs. Smith this morning," and it will tickle their fancy to have a sweet, dainty card, all of their own, to write this message on.

Siza No. 2 will be used for ordinary purposes of correspondence, the Postmaster

"The auditor turns to the agent's report book,

Appropriately Celebrated. and Mrs. W. H. Kearns, of Market street, McKeesport, celebrated their silver wedding last evening. About 75 of the most prominent McKeesport people gathered at the home to participate in the festivities, and offer congratulations to the doctor and his esti-

congratulations to the doctor and his estimable wife on completing the one-fourth of a century of married bilss.

Mrs. Kearns, who was dressed in black velvet trimmed with lace, and her daughter, Mrs. Kirkpatrick, of Leechburg, arrayed in white satin, received the guests in the spacious drawing room. The contrast of the dresses of mother and daughter was extremely pretty. The guests began to arrive at 8 o'clock. The reception room was beautifully decorated, the mantel being banked with ferns, and choice out flowers were interwoven through the green foliage. Large potted plants were tastefully arranged in an alcove at the rear of the room.

Dr. and Mrs. Kearns received a large quantity of prosents from their friends. Among them were a silver tea service, ladles, cruets and salvers. A very edible repast was served and the guests did ample justice to the good things. Ludwig had charge of the decorations and Kennedy provided the repast in his usual style.

COYLE-ARMSTRONG.

A Church Wedding Held in Allegheny Last

Evening. The marriage of Miss Mary Emma Coyle laughter of R. J. Coyle, to Mr. Francis Armstrong, took place last evening in the First Presbyterian Church, Allegheny, Rev. David Kennedy officiating. The bridal party was preceded by the ushers, R. J. Coyle and R. B. Coyle, brothers of the bride, and Messrs. Grove and McIlvan.

The bride was dressed in a handsome im-

The Bride was dressed in a handsome imported costume of dark wine and persian, with sash drapery, and wore a pair of elegant diamond earrings, the gift of the groom. Mr. and Mrs. Armstrong departed immediately for a Western trip of two weeks' duration, and will then be at home to their friends at the residence of R. W. Scott, Garfield street, Allechew.

WEDDINGS TO COME. The Approaching Paul Nuptials at Oakmont

Station. agent individually. In selling these tickets, the agent must follow the consecutive numbers and make daily and monthly reports, showing the form number and consecutive number of those sold. This report is sent to the auditor, who records the report of each office in a separate book. You would naturally think that the agent was then relieved from further responsibility for the tickets he has sold, but it is not so. The conductor receives the ticket, punches the coupon, tears it off and at the end of his run turns it in with others to the ticket receiver at his terminal point, who assorts them and returns them to the auditor with his own report every day. Invitations are out for the marriage of Miss Nellie Paul, daughter of J. W. Paul, of Oak-mont, to Mr. Francis H. Skelding, a New York banker. September 30 is the time set for the event. An interesting feature of the wedding will be the music composed by Mr. Bert Nevin, a brother-in-law of the prospective bride, who, it will be remembered, composed the music for his own wedding some two years ago. The wedding of Miss Catherine Julia Stoney o Mr. Harry Homer Phillips, will take place at Calvary Church, East End, this evening.

A WEDDING TO-DAY.

McKeesport Social Circles Interested in the Hartman-Caughey Naptials. A pretty home wedding will take place this evening in McKeesport, Miss Tilly Hartman, daughter of William Hartman, and Mr. R. J. Caughey, assistant paymaster at the National Tube Works, being the contracting parties. Rev. Montgomery, of the C. P. Church, will officiate. The bride will wear white silk, with pearl trimmings, and carry Nephetas roses, Immediately after the ceremony the happy couple will depart for an eastern trip. receipt. If the agent has accidentally spoiled or torn a ticket, he preserves it or returns it to the auditor with his report, and he is credited with it. When tickets in the hands of an agent are stolen or are missing, the agent reports at once to the auditor, who sends a special agent from his own office to examine the office reporting the loss. All tickets reported missing by this special agent are at once 'outlawed,' and all roads over whose lines the coupons thereon read are notified, but these tickets are still carried on the auditor's books as a charge against the agent's account. After notification, foreign roads accept 'outlawed ticket' at their own risk. If the outlawed ticket are their own risk. If the outlawed ticket turns up, the blue stamp on the back (which is necessary to the validity of all tickets) is examined, and if the date of this stamp is one day previous to the agent's report of loss, the agent must pay for the ticket if, after the report, the agent is credited with the ticket."

ROOSEVELT A PHILOSOPHER.

He Talks at a Little Length on the Subject of Civil Service Reform.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. WASHINGTON, September 24.—The return to the capital of Mr. Theodore Roosevelt one of the Civil Service Commissioners, is a signal for the renewal of the attacks on him and on the civil service law. Mr. Roosevelt takes the opposition very philosophically, like one who feels that he is on the right side, but perhaps just a trifle in advance of the sentiment of the policicians, if not the public. In conversation this afternoon he spoke as follows in regard to the prospect of a backset for civil service reform: "The repeal of the law," he said, "or a failure

"The repeal of the law," he said, "or a failure to appropriate for its enforcement twice the amount of money now appropriated would be an immense evil. For any Congressman to attack civil service reform would be an evil act; for a Republican to do so would be party treachery—a base breach of faith."

"The your think, these attacks come from any powerful source?" the reporter asked.

"They come from three classes of men; those who cannot get office, and probably could not, anyhow, comfort themselves by attacking civil service reform; those whose political power depends upon nothing but their capacity for ped-

pends upon nothing but their capacity for pendling political patronage are, of course, opposed to it. The other class is composed of dull people deluded by the other two."

"Do you think there is any danger of a repeal of the law?"

"No: for if nothing else stood in the way, the President's veto would prevent this. The Artsinke veto any act repeal-"No: for it nothing else stood in the way, the 'resident's veto would prevent this. The 'resident would certainly veto any act repeal-ing the law, and by no possibility could the op-osition get strength to pass it over his veto." "May Congress not fail to make an appro-riation?"

riation?"
"I have too much faith in the majority of members of Congress to believe that such a thing will happen. The Republican party is strongly in favor of the law," he added, "and overy Republican who acts against it is a believe." "Are not the Democrats pledged to its support?"
"I am a Republican," was the reply, "and I cannot speak for the Democratic party at all."

THE INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS.

A Number of the Delegates From South America Have Already Arrived.

NEW YORK, September 24.-A distinguished lot of visitors to this country arrived at this port to-day, on the City of Para, being delegates to the coming International Congress, from the various Spanish-American countries. Secretary of State Blaine was to have met the visitors at the barge, as the Congress is one in which he takes great interest, it is said, but he did not appear, possibly on account of the extremely early and unexpected hour. The delegates were met at quarantine by a reception committee and taken on board of the revenue cutter Manhattan. Mr. Charles B. Flint, of this city, Commissioner to the International Congress, acted as master of ceremonies.

A half dozen gentlemen acted on the Reception Committee with Mr. Flint. The delegates were Dr. Juanto Cassellanos, delegate from Salvador; Dr. Joaquin Arrieta Rossi, attache, and Samuel Valdioyesa. Secretary; Senor Juan Francisco Velarde, delegate from Bolivia; Alcibiades Velaide and E. C. Fiallos, Secretary. Ex-Minister Roberts, from Chill, and Julio which he takes great interest, it is said, but he

Ex-Minister Roberts, from Chill, and Julio M. Foster, Esq., of Santiago, Chill, were also taken on board the cutter, as was Captain Whalen, of the barge office, who had boarded the City of Para at lower quarantine. In reference to the coming Congress, Senor a delegate from Honduras, said: "Our are very enthusiastic over this Internationa Congress, and expect many advantageous re-sults from it. We wish to develop our mining agricultural interests, but our mines at we want to see in operation as soon as possible. We need railroads and soon as possible. We need railroads and en-largement of our commerce with foreign countries, especially with the United States. All classes in our country desire closer relations

NAGLE ON THE TRAIN.

Nevertheless Justice Field Says be is Not CHICAGO, September 24.—Justice Field arrived in Chicago to-day from the Pacific coast.

Tacoma."

It was asserted, however, that Marshal Nagle traveled on the same train with Justice Field, but Justice Field said that Nagle was not of his arty. "Marshal Nagle directs his own affairs," said Instice Field, when questioned on this point.
I have nothing to do with his actions. He goes and comes when he chooses. I have no body rd, I assure you."
stice Field and party left the city for the
t this afternoon on the Lake Shore Limited.

ST. LOUIS IN THE SWIM.

An Effort to Secure the Proposed Fair at That Village.

own, to write this message on.

Size No. 2 will be used for ordinary purposes of correspondence, the Postmaster General thinks, just as it is now, but size No. 3, he believes, will fill a long-felt want to the mercantile community for advertising purposes. When the great Wanamaker shop, for instance, wants to give a weather report and a floor walkers' directory and a long and familiar taik to its lady customers about babies' wraps and children's school umbrellas, it ought to have room to spread itself out. The cramped dimensions of the old-fashioned card did very well for the cramped dimensions of the old-fashioned card did very well for the cramped dimensions of the old-fashioned announcements; but the slap-you-on-the-back style of advertisement which has sprung into existence since Philadelphia became the leading retail market of the world, has quite outgrown such bounds.

Naturally there is a good deal of amusement over this whole postal card performance. The size chosen for the largest card is one which every postmaster in the country will condemn, because it is going to give him a lot of trouble in making up his packages of mail, and the cards are certain to be torn and broken on the edges in transit, Then, who is going to pay a cent for a small card, when he can get a big one for the same price? Sr. Louis, September 24.—A well-attended meeting of prominent railroad officials of roads He Should Go West. centering here revealed the fact that great in-terest is being taken by them in the World's From the Baltimore American. Philadelphia has a man with two mouths Fair, and that active efforts will be made by them to bring it to this city. The assessment

them to bring it to this city. The assessment of \$1,000,000 on the railroads will be promptly subscribed, and in all likelihood that sum will be exceeded by them.

A meeting of newspaper proprietors also brought out subscriptions largely in excess of the sum assessed upon them. The individual subscription of the daily papers are: Globe-Democrat, \$20,000; Republic, \$20,000; Chronicle, \$2,000. A Supernhandance of Gas. From the Columbus Dispatch. 1 Up in Findlay the other day they had two ditical conventions running at one and the me time. The inhabitants declare that the fural gas wells were completely edipsed.

What a pity it is that it has not also an Expos

tion to boom! Perhaps it can lend its curi to Chicago on favorable terms.

WATTERS METROPOLITAN.

Shaking Up a Ho

Shaking Up a Hospital.

INEW YORK SUREAU SPECIALS.

NEW YORK, September 24.—The New York Hospital, one of the oldest and wealthiest institutions in the city, will probably be pretty well shaken up within two or three days by an investigation of the conduct of its superintendent and surgeons in holding an autopsy upon the body of Frederick W. Doty. Young Dety fell to the sidewalk about a week ago, when leaving a Sixth avanue saloon. He was picked up apparently dead. His body was taken to the New York Hospital, notwithstanding the rules that no dead body should be received there. The attendants of the hospital say that Doty was still alive when the ambulance arrived, but died shortly afterward. Five hours after the arrival of the ambulance the autopay was held, although no permission to hold it had been obtained from Doty's family, as the law required. Doty's friends have protested against the action of the hospital staff, and have created a tremendous sur to-day by "Not one in ten of the people who travel-and Americans are the greatest travelers on earth, as well as the most inquisitive-realize the complexity of the railroad systems in the United States," remarked Colonel C. E. Grey, United States, Femarked Colonel C. E. Grey, a well-known railway passenger agent. "When people complain of the long strip of printed paper that the ticket agent carefully stamps and presents to them in an envelope neatly folded, they never think of the uses to which that ticket is put after they have given it to the conductor and finished their rids." conductor and finished their ride. Let me ex-plain. Tickets are called local or foreign, ac-cording as they read between terminal points on the issuing line or to points beyond the lines of the issuing corporation. They are printed on the order of the general passenger agent, in lots of 100,000, each lot having a serial number, sgainst the action of the hospital staff, and have created a tremendous stir to-day by claiming that Doty may have been the victim of the surgeon's knife, as was Bishop, the mindreader. The hospital officials have made a bad mess to-day of their side of the story. Some of them claim that Doty was dead when he was brought to the hospital, in which case they had no right to receive him. Others say that he died after arriving, in which case they acknowledged to have been indepently heaty in lots of 100,000, each lot having a serial number, and the tickets in each lot being numbered consecutively. The initial point is left blank, to be inserted when agents at various points make requisitions for tickets. These are known as blank' stock tickets. Each destination has a separate form number, without reference to the initial point: so that a ticket reading 'To St. Louis,' would have the same form number, whether sold at New York, Philadelphia or a way station. When the tickets are sent by the printer to the general passenger agent, the bill for printing them is sent to the auditor of the road, who charges the general passenger agent on his books with that invoice. that he died after arriving, in which case they acknowledged to have been indecently hasty in cutting him up. The Coroner announces that he will thoroughly investigate the whole affair. Doty's people are very well-to-do. The young man took advantage of his mother's absence in the West to go off on a terrific spree, with re-

"When a local agent needs tickets, he fills out a blank form of requisition, which he sends The Largest of All Ingots. to the general passenger agent, who stamps the cickets called for with the number of the office A 500-pound ingot of gold stands on a truck in the outer office of the Chase National Bank here. It is said to be the largest ingot of gold ever run, and is the first large invoice of bullion sent here from Montana. The gold dust of which it is composed was brought down the mountains to Heleon in sacks, and the cast of the block and the Government assay was made here. Its value is \$100,346.29. The value of the ordinary gold brick of components is \$7.000. making the requisition, and the name of that office as an initial point, and sends them to the local agent with an itemized invoice: the local agent then checks up the invoice to see that it tallies with his requisition and the tickets sent, records it in a book furnished him for that purpose, signs a certificate that it is correct, here. Its value is \$100,346.29. The value of the ordinary gold brick of commerce is \$7,000. A policeman with a big night stick in his hand and two heavy revolvers in his pockets guards the enormous ingot day and night. senger agent with the number of tickets issued, and charges the invoice to the local agent individually. In selling these tickets,

Going to See Bla Brother Married. Walker Blaine arrived here late last night and left to-day for Richfield Springs, to attend the wedding of Emmons Blaine and Miss McCormick. Mr. Blaine rode in an ordinary common palace car, although Steve Elkins and Colonel R. C. Kerens had tried hard to have Colonel R. C. Rerens had tried hard to have him travel in a special car over the West Shore Railway. At Albany he expected to meet his father and the other members of the family, and accompany them to Richfield. After the wedding Secretary Blaine and wife will go to Washington for the winter. Republicans around town shook hands with Walker Blaine in such a hearty, congratulatory way, this morning, that he was obliged to remind them

He Was a Friend of Seward's. Nelson Marvin Beckwith, 83 years old, died at his home in Fifth avenue, this morning. He was the son of Judge Beckwith, who helped to draft the constitution of New York State. He was an intimate friend of William H. Seward, who in 1867 made him American Commissioner General at the Paris Exposition
At the Centennial Exposition, in Philadelphia
Mr. Beckwith was the New York State Com

Sued for \$5,000 Libel.

Robert Ruzicka has sued for libel Joseph S. Cada, the rather vituperous editor of the Free Citizen, a Bohemian weekly. In a recent issue of the Citizen, Mr. Cada described Ruzicka as a well known scoundrel and a crazy drunkard, and said that he described his wife and children; that he was a criminal, and should be in an insane asylum or State prison; that he was guilty of a felony and other charges. Mr. Ruzicka thinks that this description of him damaged his reputation to the extent of \$5,000.

Changed the Sign Over the Door Mrs. Ida Schroeder, 43 years old, lost her hus-band last March. A benefit society to which he nad belonged paid her \$2,000. She bought he had belonged paid her \$2,000. She bought out a small grocer in Hobeken, and engaged William Boenig as clerk. William was 18 years old and his salary was \$4 25 a week. By and by she fell in love with him, two weeks ago she popped the question to him, and last night they were married. This morning a sign painter changed "Schroeder" to "Boenig," before "fine groceries," on the sign over the door.

In the Interest of Harmony.

rom the Washington Post.1 We are glad to learn that a Brick Trust ha recently been organized. With political cam-paigns warming into action in several States, we regard everything that is likely to shove up the price of missiles as a movement in the inrest of peace and harmony.

THE PIGHT FOR THE PAIR.

Representative Residents of the Rival Cities Talk Upon the Subject. CHICAGO, September 24.-W. F. Midgely, Vice President of the American Steam Boller Insurance Association, of New York, came to the World's Fair headquarters this morning. Said he: "Much is to be gained by extending our business in the West and Northwest, and

year, during which the coupon is kept, it is taken to the 'foreign ticket room' in the auditor's office, and placed in charge of the chief clerk of that room, who puts it in a lockbox, of which he holds the key. Then he takes the box to another room, always accompanied by a witness, turns its contents into a macerator, retaining a full and complete statement of each ticket or coupon in the box, closes and locks he macerator, turns on the steam and hot water, and togother with his witness watches until the tickets are reduced to pulp, which is afterward dried and sent to the paper mill to reappear as new tickets. The system, as you see, is extremely complicated, but it is as perfect a system of checks and balances as can be devised. Under it a would-be swindler would have a short rope."—New York Star. is on his way west to attend a wedding, and as the Chairman of the Executive Committee, Mayor Crepler, while in the East, called on Mayor Grant, he thought he would reciprocate. He expressed the kindest feelings for Chicago and said that the bitterness of the New York papers to this city was not shared by the members of his committee, that they recognized Chicago's right to the Exposition as much as theira, and while he could not speak for the committee, he had no doubt but that if Congress sanctioned the holding of it at Chicago, New York would do its best to make it a grand success. He mentioned that the hotel keepers of New York had met and passed resolutions agreeing not to raise their rates during the Fair, and that they would raise whatever amount of money was assigned them by the Finance Committee. He stated that there was no doubt that the money could be readily raised and that all necessary funds for preliminary expenses and for carrying on the Exposition would be forthcoming whenever suitable plans were determined upon.

The difficulty, he stated, was that their city could not provide any money and the parks could not be utilized until the legislators sanctioned the plan. He recognized that while Chicago had many sites, they had but one, but that one he thought was satisfactory to the great majority of New York people, and he had no doubt but that its selection would be ratified by the general committee.

TRI-STATE TRIFLES.

An Ohio boy of 14 purposely out his foot fo avoid being sent to school

FIFTEEN potatoes that weighed 21 pounds vere raised by a farmer in Wetzel county,

scarred face, the result of a recent er with a squirrel. Quire a number of deer have been seen in Southern Pennsylvania. Small game is also very plenty—the result of close, strict enforce-

GEORGE B. HICKMAN, of West Chester, has just received an order for 40 head of hogs from Frank James, of Mexico, the famous ex-outlaw of Missouri, now settled down.

HARRY C. DONALDSON, a son of School Di-HARRY C. DONALDSON, a son of Nchool Di-rector Donaldson, of Chester, met with a pe-culiar accident a day or two ago while playing baseball. The sphere was thrown toward him with great force, and as it sped past his head it whizzed so close to his temple that the current of wind paralyzed totally the right side of his face. He is in the doctor's care.

Two Italians and a performing bear visited an island near Williamsport a few days since, where a crew of men were getting out logs deposited by the June flood. Louis Schultz, one of the crew, offered to wrestle the bear, and, a ring being formed, the bear gave him a hug, then rolled him over the Island and sat on him. In response to his appeals the Italians finally called off the brute.

CURIOUS CONDENSATIONS.

-A Detroit Pole who tried to kill his ife with an ax, was let off with a 86 fine

-A man with the odd name of Milton C.

or stabbing a man. He was acquired.

—A horse weighing 1,100 pounds, by a man in Dover, N. H., got hungry night, left his stall and climbed a lone and narrow pair of stairs into the he where he was found the next morning.

-The old engine house at Harper's Ferry. used by the great anti-slavery leader a followers as a place of refuge from the s

the loser and the winner at the fair grounds of Wednesday. Miss Harriet Lockwood, of Springfield, and Richard A. Parker, of Clintor township, were the bride and groom of the co-casion, and both of them were exhibitors in the fair, as well as friends of a year's standing.

-Braidentown, Fla., has a gen riceity in the shape of a three-legged pig, little thing is perfect in every respect, b the finest of a litter of six, except that his foreign is absent, the place where it she have been being marked by a boneless protion about an inch in length. He seems to around with perfect case, and is always refor a frolic with his little brothers and sis when they come around.

—Though sailors are proverbially so superstitious that, when a ship gets a reputation of being unineky, it is often difficult to gets crew to sail her, it is not often that a ship get that reputation before she is launched. This appears to be the fate of the cruiser San Francisco, now being built by the Union Ires Works. It is reported that the safters on the

-A Scranton man who had o

—Washington is the Gretna Green for runaway couples from the adjacent States. The case with which a marriage license can be obtained and the many attractions the city offers to strangers make it such. Hundreds of young men and women, and ald ones, too, for that matter, in consequence go to the Capital yearly from Virginia and Maryland to have the marriage knot used. The laws of marriage in both of the States mentioned are, comparatively speaking, exceedingly exacting, and it is to avoid these, as well as the displeasure of unfeeling parenta, that the trip is planned and carried out. -Washington is the Gretna Green for

-One of the most in the habits of migratory fowl is the rare into gence which they show in guiding themsel by prominent landmarks. An Englishn

-A wedding ceremony was perfor —A wedding ceremony was performed in St. Louis Sunday evening under peculiar circumstances. Last Wednesday H. O. Billingsley was married. The ceremony was performed by Rav. Stephen M. Groene, rector of St. John's Episcopal Church, of which Mrs. Billingsley has been a member for years. Mr. Billingsley comes from a well known Tennessee family, which for years has been closely associated with the Southern Methodist Church. When the arrangements for the wedding were arranged he gave the bride full sway, and she selected the minister of her own church, and, like a chivalric person, Mr. Billingsley made no arranged he gave the bride into average and the minister of her own of like a chivalric person, Mr. Billingsi objection. Since then it appears coived a strong letter from his family of the strong letter and the subject, which wound up by advis have a Southern Methodist minister.

It was asked for .- Friend (to Democratic officeholder).—What's that you say? Engaged on your last sad rites?

Officeholder.-Yes, my last sad writes. I have just penned my resignation.—New York Sun. Bagley-I saw a man to-day that John .. Sullivan can't hold a candle to.

Balley-Why can't he?
Bagley-Because he'd eat it. The man was an
Esquiman. Rochester Post-Express.
A season of humiliation—"So you are going away for two or three mouths? Going for health?"

"Oh, no. My health is all right, but I'm going to keep out of sight white I am raising a beard.—

do you think is the matter with my he loctor? MR. SALLIVE, of Tionesta, has a badly

Two Italians and a perform

A Connectiont pear tree, over a century old, contains ripe fruit and quite a number of

-A Quincy, Ill., paper says there is a den of wild force within the corporate limits of that city.

Poet was tried recently at Henrista, Mich., for stabbing a man. He was acquitted.

-A pair of horses were stolen from an I was City woman and taken to a town 80 mile distant. The men who took them there wer arrested on suspicion, and to find the horse owner the animals were turned loose by ill officers and followed back to the lady's barn.

when they come around.

-There is a man living in Hartford, Conn., who deserves the prize for absent-mindedness. A few days ago he was having his boots blacked by an Italian strent hoot-black. Just as the job was finished and the gentleman had picked out a nickel from his purse, an acquaintance stepped up and began talking. The first gentleman absent-mindedly put the nickel in his pocket and gave the purse to the bootblack, who seized it and disapappeared. The purse contained \$2 15.

Though sailers are provenhighly so me

abreast of two prominences, conspi-jects in the landscape. At that pe

-Last Thursday Mrs. N. B. Marden, re-Last Intrindry are N. B. Arden, identified between Mt. Homer and Tavards, I had an experience with makes that, for all was rather exciting. Hearing a common among her chickens in the back yard she covered a large chicken snake, which killed. A short time afterward a second

FUNNY MEN'S PANCIES.

Slim waists, are often the result of mere "Yes," said the poet to the boy as he stepped into the elevator, "I am going up. I want to feel for once in my life that I'm a rising poet."—Boston Courser.

She knew better.-Wife-Well, what

Octor?

Doctor-I fear he has got water on the brain.

W.-I'll het he ain't. If it's anything it's shisky.-Boston Courier. A mean man .- Wife-I believe that note women than men go to heaven.
Husband—You do? What makes you think so?
W.—Women live better lives than men.
H.—I grant it, Mary, but there is one thing that

eads me to think there are very few the other side.

W.—What is that?

H.—It is spoken of as the silent shore, —Bosto

THE CLAM. The clam, of all the birds that swim, And fish that cleave the air, Doth most of all—both large and small— Adorn the bill of fare.

In stew or fry, or wet or dry, In batter, shell, or bake: Nor ham, nor lamb, nor jam, nor yam, From clam can take the cake. He lends new cheer to lager been. Let him be fresh or "high;" He's good with aie, and gin-cocktall, And tolu, rock and rys.

Let others sing the joys of spring.
When skips the fastive ram;
My pass high shall rend the sky
With "three cheers for the class